Credit Recovery Algebra 1 Sem 1

3.1 Notes: Intro to Functions

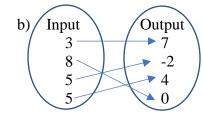
Key Vocabulary

Domain	Range

Example 1: Find the domain and range for each set of ordered pairs below.

a)

	1				
у	11	12	13	13	13

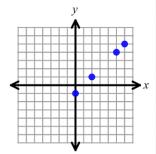


You try!

c)
$$\{(7,-1),(6,5),(-3,2),(0,5)\}$$

input	output
3	Red
7	Blue
-2	Green
5	Green
-4	Green

e)



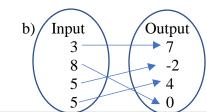
Key Vocabulary

Relation	Function	
Vertical Line Test		

Example 2: For each relation, is it a function?

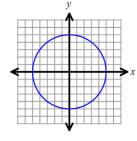
a)

Х	1	2	3	4	5
у	11	12	13	13	13

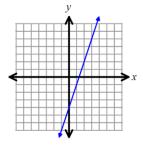


Example 3: For each relation, is it a function?

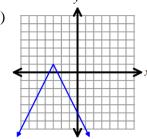
a)



b)



c)



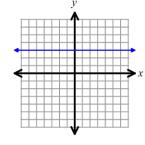
You try!

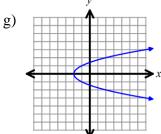
d)
$$\{(7,-1),(6,5),(-3,2),(0,5)\}$$

e)

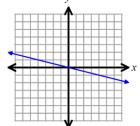
3	Red
7	Blue
-2	Green
5	Green
-4	Green

f)





h)



Function Notation:

For Examples 4 – 9, given that f(x) = 3x - 9 and g(x) = -4x + 5.

4) Find f(-2).

5) Find g(7).

6) You try! Find f(8).

- 7) Find x if f(x) = 10. 8) Find x if g(x) = -5. 9) You try! Find x if g(x) = 0.

3.2 Notes: Linear Functions

Key Vocabulary

Linear Function

Rate of Change	Zero Term	

Examples 1 – 2: Write a linear function for the data shown in each table.

1) 0 2 x -1 17 32 47 f(x)62 2)

х	g(x)
1	5
2	2
3	-1
4	-4

You try! Examples 3-6: Write a linear function for the data shown in each table.

3) 3 2 1 h(x)-5 -11 -17 4)

x	d(x)
1	6
2	8.5
3	11
4	13.5

5)

x	у
-2	9
-1	13
0	17
1	21

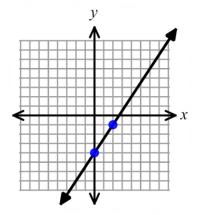
6)

x	1	2	3	4
h(x)	5	2	-1	-4

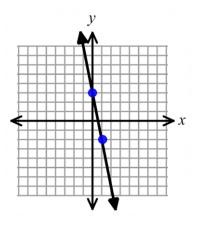
Slope-intercept form of a line:

For Examples 7 - 12, write the equation of the described line in slope-intercept form.

- 7) A line with a slope of $\frac{1}{3}$ and a y-intercept of 10.
- 8) A line with a y-intercept of -7 and a slope of 5.
- 9) The line graphed below.



10) You try! The line graphed below.



You try #11 – 12:

- 11) A line with a slope of 1 and a y-intercept of 0.
- 12) A line with a y-intercept of $-\frac{3}{4}$ and a slope of 8.

Review: find the slope between the points below. Use the slope formula: $m=\frac{y_2-y_1}{x_2-x_1}$ 13) (-14, 30) and (12, 27) 14) (-3, -5) and (9, -2)

3.3 Notes: Writing Linear Equations in (h, k) Form

(h, k) form of a line:

Example 1: Write the equation of the line, in (h, k) form, that passes through (5, -2) with a slope of -3.

Example 2: Write the equation of the line, in (h, k) form, that passes through (-7, 1) with a slope of 5.

You try! Example 3-4: For each line described below, write the equation in (h, k) form.

3) through (-3, 1) with a slope of 2

4) through (4, 6) with a slope of $\frac{3}{4}$.

(<i>h</i> , <i>k</i>) form	

Converting to Slope-intercept form:

Example 5: Write the equation of the line from Example 1 in **slope-intercept form** of a line.

You Try! Example 6: Write the equation of the line from Example 2 in slope-intercept form of a line.

Example 7: Write the equation of the line from Example 4 in **slope-intercept form** of a line.

Function Notation for an ordered pair:

Example 8: Write the equation of the line, in (h, k) form, that contains f(-11) = -2 and has a slope of 2.

You try! Example 9: Write the equation of the line, in (h, k) form, that contains f(14) = -5 and has a slope of $-\frac{1}{2}$.

Writing Equations of Lines from Word Problems in Slope-Intercept Form:

"Starting value" or "one-time fee":

Rate of change (look for "per" or "each"):

Examples 10 - 13: write an equation in slope-intercept form to represent each situation.

- 10) A plumber charges \$40 per hour, plus a one-time service fee of \$50. Use c for the total cost and h for the number of hours.
- 11) A t-shirt company charges a set-up fee of \$30, plus \$12 per t-shirt ordered. Use *y* for the total cost and *x* for the number of t-shirts ordered.

You try!

12) Andrea is keeping track of how many miles she runs. So far, she has run 34 miles, and she plans to run an additional 4 miles each day. Use *T* for the total number of miles run, and *d* for the number of days she is going to continue running.

You try!

- 13) You are visiting Baltimore, and a tax company charges a flat fee of \$8.00 for using the taxi, as well as \$2.50 per mile. Use c for the total cost and m for miles.
- 14) For the situation in #11, if you use the taxi for 31 miles, how much would this trip cost?

Example 3: convert your answer from #2 to slope-intercept form.

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Example 4: Write the equation of the line that passes through the points (-8, 1) and (2, 3). Write your answer in (h, k) form.

Example 5: Write the equation of the line that passes through the points (5, 4) and (10, 6). Write your answer in (h, k) form.

Example 6: Consider the line that passes through the points (-2, -3) and (2, 3). Write *as many* correct equations for this line as you can.

Now graph the two points from Example 6. Verify that your lines are correct by graphing them, and making sure they go through both points above.